TORREYA

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No. 1

THE FLORA OF THE TOWN OF SOUTHOLD, LONG ISLAND AND GARDINER'S ISLAND

By Stewart H. Burnham and Roy A. Latham

SECOND SUPPLEMENTARY LIST*

The following local observers have assisted in this list, by collecting or reporting unusual species; therefore establishing many new records and also new stations for species already reported in the two preceding lists. Mrs. F. R. Mitchell of Southold is specially mentioned for kindness in allowing a study of her long and interesting list of plants collected by herself and the late Mr. Mitchell, mostly in the vicinity of Southold, a decade or more ago. Mrs. Frank D. Smith of Peconic, Miss Mabel R. Wiggins of East Marion and William C. Ferguson of Hempstead should be mentioned. The following botanists have visited and collected in the region: Mrs. Agnes Chase, Mr. Wm. T. Davis, Mr. Norman Taylor and others.

INSECT GALLST

Asteromyia carbonifera Felt—On leaves of Enthamia tenuifolia.
Caryomyia tubicola O.S.—On leaves of Hicoria glabra at Cutchogue.
Cecidomyia verrucicola O.S.—On leaves of Tilia americana at Southold.
Dasyneura Lysimachiac Beutm.—On Lysimachia quadrifolia at Orient.
Disholcaspis mamma Walsh—On twigs of Quercus velutina at Greenport.
Eriophyes Cephalanthi Cook—Greenport on leaves of Cephalanthus occidentalis.
E. semen Walsh—Orient on leaves of Salir.

Hormomyia canadensis Felt—Cutchogue on leaves of Amelanchier oblongifolia. Lasioptera clavula Beutm.—On twigs of Cornus at Cutchogue, Greenport and Southold.

[No. 6, Vol. 20, of Torreya, comprising pp. 107-140, was issued 7 February 1921] * The preliminary flora was published in Torreya 14: 201-225. Nov. 1914, and 229-254. Dec. 1914. The First Supplementary List was published in Torreya 17: 111-122, July 1917.

*The majority of these galls were named by Dr. E. P. Felt, state entomologist of the State of New York.

L. nodulosa Beutm .- Orient on stems of Rubus.

Livia maculipennis Fitch-On the inflorescence of Juneus canadensis.

Neolasioptera ramuscula Beutm.—On stems of Doellingeria umbellata at Orient. Phylloxera Caryaesemen Walsh—Orient on the under surface of the leaves of Hicoria glabra.

Rhabdophaga strobiloides Walsh—On the tips of branches of Salix humilis at Peconic.

Rhopalomyia hirtipes O.S.—On aerial stems of Solidago juncea at Cutchogue and Peconic.

EUPHYCEAE

Antithamnion americanum (Harv.) Farl.—In the Sound at Orient; determined by Dr. M. A. Howe.

Nitella intermedia Nordst.—Great Pond, Southold; determined by Dr. Howe who has examined specimens twice, and says, "this species or something close to it."

PHYCOMYCETES

Empusa americana Thaxt.—On blow-flies, Calliphora vomitoria at Orient; determined by Prof. John Dearness. Many thousands of these flies are killed by this fungus during cold, wet spells in the summer. They are usually found clustered on the softer parts of grape vines.

Rhysotheca Haldstedii (Farl.) Wils.—On leaves of Helianthus in woods at 'Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.

ASCOMYCETES (EXCLUDING PYRENOMYCETES)

Cudoniella marcida (Müll.) Sacc.—On earth in rich woods at Cutchogue. September. Determined by Dr. C. G. Lloyd as Leotia marcida Pers.: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920.

Geoglossum Farlowi Cke.—On earth in rich woods at Greenport. October.

Determined by Dr. Lloyd who says "it is a very rare plant with spores 3-septate, 80 mic. long in these." It is difficult to believe, however, that it is other than a spore variation of the more common Geoglossum hirsutum Pers.

Peziza odorata Pk.—On ashes in a cellar at Orient; determined by Dr. Charles E. Fairman.

Phialea scutula (Pers.) Gill.—On dead herbaceous stems at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.

Pseudophacidium Betulae Rehm.—On twigs and small branches of Betula populifolia at Orient. Spring. Determined by Dr. Fairman, who says the find is noteworthy; and confirmed by Dr. E. J. Durand, who reports that it agrees with Rehm's Ascomyceten No. 866 in his herbarium.

Tapesia sanguinea (Pers.) Fckl.—On wood of Juniperus virginiana at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.

ASCOMYCETES (PYRENOMYCETES)

Anthostoma gastrinum (Fr.) Sacc.—On dead branches of Amelanchier canadensis at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.

- Botryosphaeria fuliginosa (M. & N.) E. & E.—Orient on stems of Smilax rotundifolia; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 2107.
- Camarosporium Robiniae (West.) Sacc.—Orient on Robinia Pseudo-acacia, associated with Cucurbitaria elongata (Fr.) Grev. No. 702. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 25. 1918.
- Cryptospora aculeans (Schw.) E. & E.—On stems and twigs of Rhus copallina and Toxicodendron radicans at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Diaporthe (Chorostate) cercophora (Ell.) Sacc.—On dead twigs and branches of Celtis occidentalis at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Diaporthe (Euporthe) cryptica Nitschke—Orient on stems of Lonicera japonica; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Diaporthe (Euporthe) cuspina (C. & E.) Sacc.—Base of stems of Chenopodium ambrosioides at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Diaporthe (Chorostate) oxyspora (Pk.) Sacc.—On twigs and branches of Ilex verticillata at Orient. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 38. 1918. (Diaporthe ocularia (C. & E.) Sacc.)
- Diatrype Baccharidis Earle—Orient on stems and branches of Baccharis halimifolia; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 4033.
- D. disciformis (Hoffm.) Fr.—On branches of Myrica caroliniensis at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Diatrypella verrucaeformis (Ehrh.) Nitschke—On trunks of Myrica caroliniensis at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- Didymosphaeria Celtidis E. & E.—On twigs of Celtis occidentalis at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Dothidea collecta (Schw.) E. & E.—Orient on twigs of Iva frutescens; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Erysiphe Cichoracearum DC.—On leaves and stems of Plantago Rugelii at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- Eutypa leucostroma (Mont.) Sacc.—On stems of Smilax rotundifolia at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- E. sepulta (B. & C.) E. & E.—Orient on stems of Smilax rotundifolia; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Eutypella cerviculata (Fr.) Sacc.—On branches of Celtis occidentalis at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- E. Gleditschiae Berl.—On dead twigs of Gleditschia triacanthos at Orient. No. 724. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 29. 1918.
- E. scoparia (Schw.) E. & E.—Orient on twigs of Robinia Pseudo-acacia; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 1041.
- E. venusta (Ell.) Sacc.—Orient on twigs of Robinia Pseudo-acacia; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 1198.
- Gibberella pulicaris (Fr.) Sacc.—On stalks of Zea Mays at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- Gloniella ovata (Cke.) Sacc.—On decorticated and weathered wood of Castanea dentata at Orient. "The type of this species (collected by Ravenel in Carolina) is said to be on oak." No. 824. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 205-206: 51. 1919.
- Gloniopsis Cookeana (Ger.) Sacc .- Orient on dead wood of Quercus alba,

dead branches of Myrica carolinicnsis, dead decorticated branches of Rhus glabra and Xolisma ligustrina. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 39. 1918.

Guignardia Bidwellii (Ellis) Viala & Ravaz—On fruit of cultivated grapes; determined by Prof. Dearness and Dr. Fairman. It is associated with Phoma uvicola B. & C. which Rostrup states is a stage of Guignardia Bidwellii.

Hypocrea rufa (Pers.) Fr.—A Corticium-like plant growing on oak; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 3387.

Hypoxylon multiforme Fr.?—On wood of Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 67:7. July 1918.

H. rubiginosum (Pers.) Fr.—Orient on dead branches of Rhus copallina; determined by Prof. Dearness.

Hysterographium Lesquereuxii (Duby) Sacc.—On dead branches of Gleditschia triacanthos at Orient. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 30. 1918,

H. Vaccinii (Schw.) Fairman—This combination was made in the First Supplementary List in Torreya 17: 113. July 1917: but was wrongly spelled Hysteriographium Vaccinii.

Massaria conspurcata (Wallr.) Sacc.—On twigs of Padus virginiana (Prunus serotina Ehrh.) at Orient. Determined by Dr. Fairman, who says, "spores 60-65 × 13.5-14 \mu." According to Ellis & Everhart, your specimen has spores agreeing more with those distributed by Dr. Rehm (in his Ascomyceten) than what Ellis noted in this country. That is, they are about the same width as foreign specimens and wider than those usually found here.

Massarinula Brassicae Dearn. & House—On dead stems of Brussels Sprouts, Brassica olcracea gemmifera, at Orient. September 1915. Type in the herbarium of the N. Y. State Museum. Described in N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 31. 1918.

Microsphaera Alni (Wallr.) Salmon—The var. Vaccinii (Schw.) Salmon on leaves of Vaccinium corymbosum at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.

Phyllachora Graminis (Pers.) Fckl.—The var. Panici (Schw.) Spear on leaves of Panicum cladestinum, common throughout the town; determined by Prof. Dearness.

P. Pteridis (Reb.) Fckl.—On fronds of Pteridium aquilinum at Mattituck; determined by Prof. Dearness.

Pyrenophora calvescens (Fr.) Sacc.—On Chenopodium ambrosioides; determined by Prof. Dearness.

Rosellinia protuberans Karst.—Orient on wood of Baccharis halimifolia; determined by Dr. Fairman.

R. pulveracea (Ehrh.) Fckl.—On twigs of Celtis occidentalis; determined by Prof. Dearness.

Sphaerella pardalota C. & E.—Orient on old leaves of Myrica caroliniensis; determined by Dr. Fairman.

Trematosphaeria nuclearia (DeNot.) Sacc.—On decaying nuts of Hicoria glabra at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 1202.

Valsa Liquidambaris (Schw.) Cke.—On dead stems of Hamamelis virginiana at Orient. "A new host species. The asci are 30–33 \times 8 μ , the spores eight in an ascus, 8–9 \times 2 μ , hyaline, allantoid." N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 45. 1918.

- V. Pini (A. & S.) Fr.—On dead bark and twigs of Pinus Strobus at Greenport; determined by Prof. Dearness. The fallen trunk of one tree that had been cut about a year was completely covered with this species, abundantly fruiting.
- V. subclypeata C. & P.—Orient on dead branches of sassafras; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Xylaria corniformis Fr.—On buried roots of Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 66: 4. Oct. 1917.

HYPOMYCETES

- Cercospora Acalyphae Pk.—Orient on leaves of Acalypha gracilens; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- C. circumscissa Sacc.—Common at Orient on leaves of Padus virginiana (Prunus serotina): determined by Prof. Dearness.
- C. copallina Cke.—Cutchogue on leaves of Rhus copallina; determined by Prof. Dearness who says, "this is likely only a synonym of Cercospora rhoina C. & E."
- C. rhoina C. & E.—On leaves of Rhus copallina at Cutchogue; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Cladosporium herbarum (Pers.) Link—Orient on leaves of Hemerocallis fulva; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Exosporium Tiliac Link—Orient on dead branches and trunks of Tilia vulgaris; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Fusarium Celtidis Ell. & Tracy—Orient on twigs of Celtis occidentalis; determined by Prof. Dearness.

MELANCONIALES

- Cylindrosporium Iridis E. & H.—On living leaves of Iris versicolor at Orient. N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 27. 1918.
- Gloeosporium Opuntiae E. & E.—On leaves of Opuntia; determined by Dr. Fairman. Large patches of the Eastern Prickly Pear have been killed by this fungus at Orient.
- Marsonia Potentillae (Desm.) Fisch.—Greenport on leaves of Potentilla canadensis; determined by Dr. House.
- Melanconium betulinum Schm. & Kze.—On twigs of Betula populifolia at Greenport; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- Pestalozzia uncinata Ell. & Kell.—On leaves of Quercus velutina; determined by Dr. House.
- Stagonospora Chenopodii Pk.—(Phleospora Chenopodii E. & K.) On leaves of Atriplex hastata, common at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Steganosporium acerinum Pk.—Orient on dead branches of Acer Pseudo-Platanus. Determined by Prof. Dearness who says, "may be a synonym of Steganosporium piriforme (Hoffm.) Cda.: Mr. Ellis used to call the larger spore form S. cellulosum Cda. and the smaller spore form S. piriforme. The spores are 36 × 18 µ."

Sphaeropsideae

- Coniothyrium concentricum (Desm.) Sacc.—On leaves of cultivated Yucca at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Leptostromella Chenopodii Dearn. & House—Orient on dead stems of Chenopodium album. Described in N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 205-206: 53-54. 1919.
- Macrophoma celtidicola Dearn. & House—Orient on twigs of Celtis occidentalis; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Phlyctaena arcuata Berk.—Orient on dead stems of Helianthus annuus. No. 726. "Spores filiform arcuate to falcate, 25 μ long." N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 205–206: 55. 1919.
- Phoma Celtidis Cke.—On twigs of Celtis occidentalis; determined by Prof. Dearness. No. 3388.
- Phyllosticta Chenopodii Sacc .- On leaves of Chenopodium album at Orient; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- P. Kalmicola Schw.—Greenport on leaves of Kalmia latifolia; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Phyllosticta limitata Pk.—On leaves of apple, Malus: determined by Prof. Dearness. Very abundant throughout the town during the summer of 1919: and practically defoliating some trees.
- P. minima (B. & C.) E. & E.—Laurel on leaves of Acer rubrum; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- P. Sassafras Cke.—On leaves of Sassafras, common throughout the township. Determined by Prof. Dearness who says, "Ellis and Everhart in their North American Phyllostictas say the specimens available for examination are all sterile and that the species must be put in the doubtful class. The spots on some of these leaves have pycnidia with the small spores of the description; but most of the spots are sterile."
- Septoria brunneola (Fr.) Niessl.—Cutchogue on leaves of Vagnera racemosa; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- S. Macrosporia Dearn.—On leaves of Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum at Orient. Prof. Dearness says, "externally it is exactly like it but the spores fall short in average size."
- S. mollisia Dearn & House—Mattituck on leaves of Antennaria plantaginifolia; determined by Prof. Dearness, who says this may be the same as Fairman's Septoria lanaria.
- S. Polygonorum Desm.—Orient on leaves of Persicaria Persicaria; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- S. Stellariae Rob. & Desm.—On leaves of Alsine media at Orient. Determined by Prof. Dearness who says, "the same as Fungi Columb. No. 775, which Mr. Ellis named as the above. It is not very distinct from Septoria Silenicola Ell. & Mart."
- S. Violae West.—Greenport on leaves of Viola cucullata; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- Sphaeronema Robiniae B. & C.—On twigs and branches of Tilia americana at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.

- Sphaeropsis Celtidis E. & E.—On twigs of Celtis occidentalis at Orient. No. 3561. Determined by Dr. Fairman who says, "Cfr. Am. Nat. 428. 1897 and Saccardo Syl. 14: 921. I have never had this before: it was originally named from a specimen collected by Bartholomew on Celtis occidentalis in Kansas."
- S. Syringae C. & E.—Orient on twigs of Syringa vulgaris; determined by Dr. Fairman.
- Vermicularia herbarum West.—On old stems of Geranium maculatum at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.

USTILIGINACEAE

Sorosporium Syntherismae (Pk.) Farl.—Orient on Panicum dichotomistorum; determined by Dr. G. P. Clinton.

UREDINACEAE*

- Peridermium Peckii Thüm.—Common. On Azalea viscosa at Greenport, Peconic and Southold. On Gaylussacia baccata at Cutchogue. (Pucciniastrum Myrtilli (Schum.) Arth.)
- P. pyriforme Pk.—Found sparingly during August on leaves of Comandra umbellata at Mattituck. (Cronartium Comandrae Pk.)
- Pucciniastrum Agrimoniae (Schw.) Tranz.—Orient on leaves of Agrimonia gryposepala.
- P. Pyrolae (Pers.) Diet.—Southold on Chimaphila maculata; but one collection found.

PUCCINIACEAE

- Puccinia Anemones-Virginianae Schw.—On leaves of Anemone Virginiana at Indian Neck, Peconic. August.
- P. Circaeae Pers .- Orient on leaves of Circaea Lutetiana.
- P. Ellisiana Thum.-Orient on Schizachyrium scoparium. November.
- P. investita Schw.—On Gnaphalium obtusifolium at Cutchogue, Orient and Peconic. August.
- P. minutissima Arth.—Mattituck on stems and leaves of Decodon verticillatus. August. Very common in one swamp and forming large swellings on stems and the midveins of leaves. (Aecidium Nesaeae Ger.)
- P. patruelis Arth.—On leaves of Lactuca canadensis at Orient. June. Dr. Arthur says, "lately has been called Puccinia hieraciata (Schw.) Jackson. This is rather a rare rust in New York and in fact throughout the Atlantic states: but is very common in the interior. It has telia on various species of Carex.".
- Uromyces Hyperici-frondosi (Schw.) Arth.—Gardiner's Island on leaves of Hypericum mutilum; determined by Burnham.
- U. Lespedezae-procumbentis (Schw.) Curt.—On Lespedeza capitata at Cutchogue, Peconic and Southold. On Lespedeza virginica at Cutchogue. Locally common at these stations. (Nigredo Lespedezae-procumbentis (Schw.) Arth.)
 - * Unless otherwise stated the Rusts were determined by Dr. J. C. Arthur.

U. Polemonii (Pk.) Barth.—N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 197: 13. 1918, as a contribution; probably on Spartina stricta alterniflora.

TREMELLACEAE

Dacryomyces deliquescens (Bull.) Duby—On old wood of Juniperus virginiana; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920.

Exidia recisa Fr. On branches of Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920.

Naematelia nucleata (Schw.) Fr.—On old bark of Quercus velutina; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 66: 4. Oct. 1917.

THELEPHORACEAE

Aleurodiscus nivosus (B. & C.) v. Höhn & Litsch.—On bark of Juniperus virginiana at Orient. No. 189. (In Mo. Bot. Gard. Herb., 44228) (Stereum accrinum Pers., var. nivosum B. & C.) Ann. Mo. Bot. Gard. 5: 195. 1918.

Craterellus cornucopioides (L.) Pers.—"Note 862. The common Craterellus cornucopioides is usually so regular and cup shaped that we were somewhat surprised to receive a collection lobed and almost divided at the base, from Mr. Latham. We supposed that it had been torn accidentally but Mr. Latham stated that it grew naturally in this way and he found a large colony of this form." Dr. Lloyd's Mycol. Notes 63: 965. May 1920.

Cyphella muscigena (Pers.) Fr.—Thuidium paludosum has been found "only in one locality, a blackish meadow in Orient. It is common there, but rarely fruiting. It is a frequent host of Cyphella in this plot. There are several other species of musci associated with the Thuidium. It is interesting that the fungus should go commonly to this single species and not at all to the others." Bryol. 23: 7. Jan. 1920. Determined by Dr. Fairman.

Hymenochacte agglutinans Ellis—On Sassafras; determined by Prof. Dearness. H. corrugata (Fr.) Lev.—Orient. No. 154. (In Mo. Bot. Gard. Herb., 44229.)
Determined by Dr. E. A. Burt. Ann. Mo. Bot. Gard. 5: 361. 1918.

Thelephora multipartita Schw.—On earth in woods at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 965. May 1920.

Thelephora spiculosa Fr.—On earth in dry woods at Cutchogue; determined by Dr. Lloyd who says "rare."

Tremellodendron merismatoides (Schw.) Burt-On heavy soil in woods at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd.

HYDNACEAE

- Hydnum caryophylleum B. & C.—On old wood of Hicoria glabra at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness.
- H. vellereum Pk.—In dry woods at Cutchogue. Dr. Lloyd says, "quite fragrant when received": Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920, as Hydnum amicum Quel.
- H. zonatum of American Mycology—In dry woods on earth at Cutchogue. Determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920, as Hydnum scrobiculatum Fr.

Phlebia merismoides Fr.—Orient on Prunus Avium; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919.

Radulum pallidum B. & C.—On underside of a decayed log of Pinus Strobus in a swamp at Greenport; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919.

POLYPORACEAE

- Daedalea ochracea Lloyd—On oaks at Cutchogue; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920. Under Note No. 137. Dr. Lloyd says, "I would designate the light colored forms of Daedalea unicolor... which correspond to Polystictus ochraceus as forms of Polystictus hirsutus."
- Merulius bellus B. & C.—Orient, "comm. by N. Y. State Herb., P66 (in Mo. Bot. Gard. Herb., 43604)." Ann. Mo. Bot. Gard. 4: 332. Nov. 1917.
- Merulius brassicaefolius Schw.—On earth in a cellar at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd.
- Polyporus brumalis (Pers.) Fr.—Greenport on Vaccinium; Orient on wild cherry; and Southold on Sambucus canadensis.
- P. (Ganoderma) Curtisii Berk.—On trunks of living apple tree. Determined by Dr. Lloyd who says, "this is a southern unvarnished form of Polyporus lucidus, it is quite common in the south, but rarely found as far north as with you" (printed): Letter 67: 7. July 1918. Previously reported as Ganoderma pseudoboletus (Jacq.) Murrill.
- P. pocula (Schw.) B. & C.—Orient on living bark of Quercus velutina at Orient. Found growing in clusters in April. Determined by Dr. Lloyd who says, "a unique little species": Mycol. Notes 63, 965. May 1920.
- P. stipticus (Pers.) Fr.—On wood of Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 66: 4. Oct. 1917.
- P. trabeus Rostk.—On wood of Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 67: 7. July 1918.
- Polystictus dependens B. & C.—On the underside of a log of Pinus rigida at Cutchogue. September. No. 2080. A colony of about a dozen plants ranging from ¼ to ¾ of an inch in diameter. "Note 861. A rare species (Cfr. Stip. Polyporoids, p. 165) only known from a few stations in the south. This is the only collection in any way northern. Otherwise it is only known from one collection from Japan": Dr. Lloyd's Mycol. Notes 63: 965. May 1920.
- Polystictus hirsutus (Wulf.) Fr.—The form Polystictus hirsutulus Schw. on Quercus velutina at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919.
- Poria omoema Berk.—On limbs of Betula populifolia at Orient; determined by Prof. Dearness who says a similar plant was named this species for him by Mr. Ellis. The type of this species was collected on pine in South Carolina by Mr. Ravenel. (= Poria subacida (Pk.) Sacc.)

AGARICACEAE

Crepidotus applanatus (Pers.) Fr.—Orient on trunks of Quercus velutina; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed); Letter 67: 7. July 1918.

- Lensites albida Fr.—On trunk of Acer rubrum at Greenport; determined by Dr. Lloyd who says, "the old, bleached white, wintered, lenzitoid form of Daedalea confragosa."
- L. corrugata Klotsch.—Orient on oaks and Sassafras; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919.
- Panus strigosus B. & C.—Formerly reported from Orient as Panus levis Berk.

 The Orient plant is figured in Dr. Lloyd's Mycol. Notes 52: 746, fig. 1120.

 Dec. 1917.
- Pleurotus niger Schw.—On terminal branches of Rhus copallina at Orient. Plants 1/8 of an inch in diameter and slaty black. Dr. Lloyd says it is rare (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919.
- P. sapidus Klachb.—On stumps of Hicoria glabra at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd (printed): Letter 69: 7. April 1919, and Mycol. Notes 63: 965. May 1920.

GASTEROMYCETES

- Calvatia lilicina Berk.—On earth in rich woods at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 965. May 1920.
- Dictyophora duplicata (Bosc) Ed. Fisch.—On earth in moist woods at Cutchogue, Orient and Southold; determined by Dr. Lloyd as Phallus duplicatus: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920.
- Lycoperdon gemmatum Batsch-On pure sand at Orient; determined by Dr. Lloyd.
- Scleroderma Cepa Pers.—On pure sand in shade of pines and open ground at Southold; determined by Dr. Lloyd: Mycol. Notes 63: 964. May 1920.

Musci

- Amblystegium varium (Hedw.) Lindb.—Orient at the base of a hickory tree about a moist cavity; determined by Mr. G. B. Kaiser.
- Fontinalis gigantea Sulliv.—Swamp woods in water at Mattituck; determined by Dr. A. J. Grout. No. 1736.
- Mnium cinclidioides Hüben.—In a swamp at Mattituck. No. 1843. Determined by Dr. Grout who says, "a depauperate form . . . the first to be reported from Long Island so far as I know, although it apparently is frequent along the west bank of the Hudson river."

POLYPODIACEAE

- Adiantum pedatum L.—Southold, localized in moist woods south of Great Pond. The reference to this species in the first part of this Flora was an error; the above record is the only known station in the town. It was first discovered many years ago by Miss Mary H. Huntting and reported by Mrs. Frank D. Smith.
- Polypodium vulgare L.-Sandy soil at Orient. No. 2331.
- Polystichum acrostichoides (Mx.) Schott—Rare in woods south of Great Pond, Southold, Sept. 10, 1919. No. 4088.

LYCOPODIACEAE

Lycopodium adpressum (Chapm.) Lloyd & Underw.—Southold in a sandy bog. No. 3455.

L. obscurum L .- Moist woods at Orient and Southold.

(To be continued)

NEW COMBINATIONS FOR PHANEROGAMIC NAMES

By J. C. ARTHUR

In order to secure uniformity in citing the names of hosts for species of Uredinales the following new combinations are proposed. So far as the writer can ascertain these combinations have not been made before, and in coming to this conclusion he has had the kindly assistance of a number of correspondents.

Cnidoscolus urens (L.) comb. nov. (Jatropha urens L. Sp. Pl. 1007. 1753). A common plant of tropical America, bearing Uromyces oaxacanus Diet. & Holw.

- Adenoropium angustifolium (Griseb.) comb. nov. (Jatropha angustifolia Griseb.; Goett. Nachr. 171. 1865). A Cuban species bearing the imperfectly known rust Uredo jatrophicola Arth.
- Vincetoxicum bifidum (Hemsl.) comb. nov. (Gonolobus bifidus Hemsl., Biol. Centr. Am. Bot. 2: 330. 1879).
- Vincetoxicum erianthum (Decaisne) comb. nov. (Gonolobus erianthus Decaisne; DC. Prodr. 8: 592. 1844).
- Vincetoxicum uniflorum (H.B.K.) comb. nov. (Gonolobus uniflorus H.B.K. Nov. Gen. Sp. 3: 207. 1818). These three Mexican species of Vincetoxicum, belonging to the Asclepiadaceae, bear the very common tropical rust Puccinia obliqua Berk. & Curt.

Sphaeralcea arcuata (Greene) comb. nov. (Malvastrum arcuatum Robinson; A. Gray, Synop. Fl. N. Am. 11: 311. 1878).

Sphaeralcea fasciculata (Nutt.) comb. nov. (Malva fasciculata Nutt.; T. & G. Flora N. Am. 1: 225. 1838). These two Californian species belonging to Malvaceae bear the common western rust Puccinia Sherardiana Körn.